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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/762,782 03/30/2001		LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR Thomas Rausch	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
		03/30/2001		P/2107-162	7866
2352	7590	05/21/2003			
		ER GERB & SOF	EXAMINER		
NEW YORK		IE AMERICAS 0368403	KALLIS, RUSSELL		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1638	
				DATE MAILED: 05/21/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No	Applicant(s)		
	_	09/762,782 RAUSCH,		THOMAS	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Russell Kallis	1638	ŀ	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cove	er sheet with the correspondence	address	
- Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL'MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period pre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, how y within the statutory m will apply and will expire	vever, may a reply be timely filed nimum of thirty (30) days will be considered time in SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this to become APANDONED (35 H 2 C).	nely. communication.	
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 F	ebruary 2003 .			
2a)⊠		is action is non-	inal.		
3)□ Dispositi	Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under on of Claims	ance except for f	ormal matters, prosecution as to	the merits is	
4)🖂	Claim(s) 22-35 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav	vn from consider	ation.		
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) 22-35 is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election require	ment.		
Application	on Papers				
	The specification is objected to by the Examiner				
10) <u> </u>	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	ted or b)⊡ object	ed to by the Examiner.		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be he	d in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a)		
11)∐ T			ed b) disapproved by the Examin		
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in repl	ly to this Office ac			
12)∐ T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	ıminer.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) 🗌 🛚	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
•	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been rece	ved.		
2	2. Certified copies of the priority documents				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorit application from the International Bure se the attached detailed Office action for a list o	ty documents ha	ve been received in this National	Stage	
14)∏ Ac	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 38	U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisiona	l annlication)	
a)		isional application	n has been received	таррпсацоп).	
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Informa	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 📙	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No Notice of Informal Patent Application (PT Other:	(s) O-152)	
S. Patent and Trac TO-326 (Rev.		on Summary	Part of Paper No. 1	- <u> </u>	

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DETAILED ACTION

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-13 and 15-21 have been cancelled and Claims 22-35 have been added.

Applicant's arguments will be addressed to the extent that they read upon newly added Claims 22-35.

Rejection of the Claims under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments.

Rejection of the Claims under 35 U.S.C. 101, as being drawn to non-statutory subject matter is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments.

The rejections of the Claims under 35 U.S.C. 102 or 103, are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments.

Rejection of Claims 15-17 under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over Claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 6,384,300 is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

Claims 22-35 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. This rejection is maintained for the reasons of record set

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forth in the Official actions mailed 10/23/02. Applicant's arguments filed February 21, 2003 have been considered but are not deemed persuasive.

Applicant asserts that the Examiner's argument that Applicant only teaches the tobacco invertase inhibitor sequence is incorrect given their Rule 132 declaration that a rapeseed invertase inhibitor was isolated and that rapeseed plants transformed therewith showed increased seed storage reserves (response page 4 line 13 to page 5 line 10). Applicant has not described a representative number of genes encoding an apoplastic invertase inhibitor from other species, or described any conserved structural features that are correlated with the function of an apoplastic invertase inhibitor.

Claims 22-35 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for tobacco transformed with an isolated tobacco apoplastic invertase inhibitor coding sequence in sense and antisense orientations, bearing seed with altered seed development and reserve content, does not reasonably provide enablement for all plants transformed with any invertase inhibitor coding sequence showing altered seed development and altered reserve content other than in transformed tobacco. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. This rejection is maintained for the reasons of record set forth in the Official actions mailed 10/23/02. Applicant's arguments filed February 21, 2003 have been considered but are not deemed persuasive.

Applicant asserts that the Examiner's assertion regarding the unpredictability of enhanced biosynthetic flux through a pathway are not relevant. The Broun reference is cited to show how efforts to increase biosynthetic flux through a pathway were unsuccessful because of unpredicted

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regulatory mechanisms (i.e. increased breakdown or turnover) that limited lysine accumulation. Thus, Applicant's argument that the reserve content of the seed is increased by the inhibition of the regulatory mechanism and not by overexpression is not persuasive (response page 5 line 20 to page 6 line 10). Further, by Applicant's own admission (page 11 line 35 to page 12 line 2 of the specification) there may be unforeseen mechanisms of regulation in a plant. In this case, inhibition of the antisense effect in stamens is likely due to redundant isoforms of the invertase inhibitor protein expressed in those tissues. Unpredictability of this kind would require undue experimentation in attempts to increase reserve material in the claimed non-exemplified species of the invention. Furthermore, Applicant's claim to a sense construct increasing reserve material in the seed of a transformed plant is not supported by the data of the examples.

Applicant asserts that the present invention would require isolation of the protein and determination of amino acid sequences and DNA sequences. Applicant asserts several points to support the argument that the unpredictability of the cited Broun reference is not relevant because the current invention does not rely upon degenerate or non-homologous probes (response page 6 line 18 to page 7 line 5).

First, Applicant asserts that there are publications where the isolation of several invertase inhibitors has been described and that they are available for the present procedure (response page 7 lines 6-8). It should be noted that those sequences are not described in the sequence listing and there is no indication in the specification that those sequences are for apoplastic invertase inhibitors. Nonetheless, the presence of unknown isoforms of the invertase inhibitor poses serious problems for antisense reduction of the expression of the invertase inhibitor; especially

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so, considering Applicant is now broadly claiming sequences that have 80% sequence identity to sequences isolated from young ovules of any plant.

Second, Applicant asserts that isolation of the protein would exclude use of primers or probes that are not 100% homologous. This is incorrect since Applicant claims isolation of an invertase inhibitor protein as a means of obtaining the gene (response page 7 lines 9-14), and since the amino acids comprising the inhibitor protein can be encoded by any one of several corresponding redundant codons, there is an element of unpredictability when isolating homologous or near homologous sequences of the invention for use in antisense inhibition.

Third, Applicant asserts that the message is obtained from the flowers with young ovules and fourth, that the family of invertase inhibitor genes have limited homology to themselves and sequences encoding proteins that inhibit pectin methyl esterase (response page 7).

The Examiner responds that primers or probes based upon the amino acid sequence, required for isolation of the DNA sequences of other apoplastic invertase inhibitors, require back translation through the codon table which is degenerate and would have reduced homology to the native gene. Further, Applicant has not isolated the exemplified tobacco and rapeseed DNA sequences encoding an apoplastic invertase inhibitor using the method of isolating a protein.

Rather, Applicant has isolated a cDNA by some undescribed means from a cell suspension culture of tobacco and not from the ovules of young tobacco flowers. Furthermore, the Rule 132 declaration submitted describing the transformation of rapeseed with an apoplastic invertase inhibitor does not indicate any protein isolation whatsoever, rather the gene of interest was isolated using a different method from that of instant claims, i.e. using a Brassica homolog from *Arabidopsis*. In addition, since the declaration demonstrates the isolation of RNA from young

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fruits, while the instant specification only provides guidance for the isolation of a sequence derived from a cell suspension culture, the declaration does not utilize the teachings of the specification, and so cannot be relied upon for the enablement of multiple gene sequences. Finally, the declaration supports the Examiner's position that the method would only work when a particular plant species is transformed with an invertase inhibitor gene from the same species.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Russell Kallis whose telephone number is (703) 305-5417. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amy Nelson can be reached on (703) 306-3218. The fax phone numbers for the Group is (703) 308-4242 or (703) 305-3014.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding, or if the examiner cannot be reached as indicated above, should be directed to the receptionist, whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Russell Kallis Ph.D. May 13, 2003

GROUP 180 (638)

Collected